Tropico Branch Library

THE TROPICO HERALD

VOL. 1 GLENDALE (Los Angeles Postoffice) CALIFORNIA, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 21, 1918 NO. 42

MAGNOLIA AVENUE SCHOOL TO OPEN MONDAY

The school trustees have acted favorably on the petition presented by Mrs. E. J. Morgan and Mrs. E. E. Hearin, and the Magnolia Avenue school will open next Monday for pupils of the first and second grades, with Miss Berkley, of the Cerritos Avenue School in charge.

DR. STONE CALLED

Dr. Fay G. Stone, who received his commission as First Lieutenant about a year ago, has at last been ordered to report for duty next Tuesday or Wednesday at Camp Fremont, Palo Alto, California. Dr. Stone is a dentist, and has been located over Spohr's Drug Store for the past two years. He has worked up a large practice and is doing a nice business.

Ever since receiving his commission he has been anxious to go, and now that the orders to report have come he is very happy. Dr. Stone is a member of the local Elks Lodge, and is a head-liner on the bowling team.

The many friends of Dr. Stone wish him good luck while away from Glendale.

"THE EARTHQUAKE"

Not a real one, but the title of a book by Arthur Train.

John Stanton, a wealthy broker of New York, who, with his family, had been spending a year in the Orient without keeping in touch with the Western world, returns home to find the country plunged into war.

The "Earthquake" is the upheaval wrought by the war in social and economic conditions. The book brings out in a forcible manner the wonderful change brought about in the lives of many people ,especially the wealthy leisure classes, real work taking the place of trivial society functions.

It also emphasizes the change in the standards of value, and the leveling of class distinctions.

One chapter presents an excellent picture of the embarkation of troops, showing the great care exercised by the government in keeping the point of departure secret.

The book is in the Branch Library, and is well worth reading.

CHAS. H. CUSHING,

GLENDALE TEAMS ARE NAMED TO AID LOAN

At a meeting of the Liberty Loan Committee, Frank H. Vesper, chairman, the city was divided into nine precincts, and Mrs. Charles H. Toll, chairman of the Woman's Liberty Loan committee, and Mr. Vesper, each named a representative to take charge of the work in the precincts. They are as follows:

No. 1—C. B. Wilde and Mrs. A. A. Barton. No. 2—E. M. Hitchcock and Mrs. G. D. Roach. No. 3—W. B. Kirk and Mrs. C. E. Harlan. No. 4—Walter S. Smith and Mrs. T. W. Preston. No. 5—J. G. Hunchberger and Mrs. J. G. Hunchberger. No. 6—Joseph Melczer and Miss Alice Frank. No. 7—Norton C. Wells and Mrs. Hartley Shaw. No. 8—H. W. Dionysius and Mrs. Kemper Campbell. No. 9—W. E. Hewett and Mrs. Alexander Mitchell.

Each of these captains will select lieutenants who will work in the canvass of the districts, and Miss Eva Daniels will again serve as secretary under Mrs. Toll.

AN INTERESTING LETTER FROM N. C. BURCH

Bardsdale, Cal., Sept 16, 1918.

Editors Tropico Herald.

Dear Friends: I am receiving of late a copy of your paper, by the favor of Mrs. Clyde Seal, as I am informed. I take this means of thanking her for her kindness and of expressing to you my gratification for being once more put in touch with my many friends in Tropico, and given the privilege of reading the weekly record of the changes occurring in the good old town of which for thirty years I had the fortune both glad and gloomy to be a citizen. Some one has told me that Tropico is no longer on the map. Don't you believe it, my boy. You may have become a part of Glendale, but Glendale has become a part of you, as a City of the Sixth Class. The communities of Tropico and Glendale are as distinct as they ever were. Your municipal government has passed into another named Glendale, and Honorables Charley Henry and Hartley Shaw, both of Tropico, are on its Board of Trustees. Why on Sunday last Eugene Imler of Tropico was in the list of graduates of Throop at Pasadena; and every little while I see a mention of Tropico boys going or to go "over there." After all, what's in a name. A rose by any other name will smell as sweet. So, too, the government of the city in the name of Glendale will smell as sweet as in the name of Tropico. You may shatter the urn that holds it, but the odor of shame may hang round it still. No, Tropico is not off the map, and should not be unless her people do

(Continued on page 5.)

Palace Grand THEATRE

319 BRAND BOULEVARD, GLENDALE

PHONE 1161 ROBT. S. JENSEN, MANAGER

Matinees Every Day at 2:30

PROGRAM WEEK BEGINNING SATURDAY, SEPT. 21

SATURDAY, September 21
Mary Pickford "Johanna Enlists"
And also Smiling Billy Parsons in a fast two-reel comedy,

SUNDAY, September 22
Wallace Reid in "Less Than Kin"
Also Roscoe (Fatty) Arbuckle in "The Cook". His best comedy.

MONDAY, September 23
Theda Bara in "Cleopatra"
Two Evening Shows—7:00 and 9:00. No Advance in Prices.

TUESDAY, September 24
"The Prussian Cur" by R. A. Walsh.
A mighty drama of Germany's secret plottings to destroy all liberty.

WEDNESDAY, September 25
Mae Murray in "Her Body In Bond"
Offering a thrilling drama of a young vaudeville actress.

THURSDAY, September 26
Norma Talmadge in "Her Only Way"
Also allied official war review. Follow our boys on different war fronts.

MICKIE SAYS

HEY, Y' POOR WAMPUS! PAY FER THAT PAPER ER ELSE PUT IT BACK! IT COSTS US MONEY T' PRINT 'EM AN' WE AIN'T GIVIN' 'EM AWAY, EVEN IF YA DO SAY "THANKS" WHY DON'T YA GO ROUN' TO THE BANK AN' ASK 'EM FER A SAMPLE, TOO!
CHARLES SUGHROE

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Robt. A. Oliver

TROPICO HERALD

Fred Wilkinson

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UNITED STATES FOOD ADMINISTRATION
Washington, D. C.

September 10, 1918.

Tropico Herald
122 San Fernando Boulevard
Glendale, California.

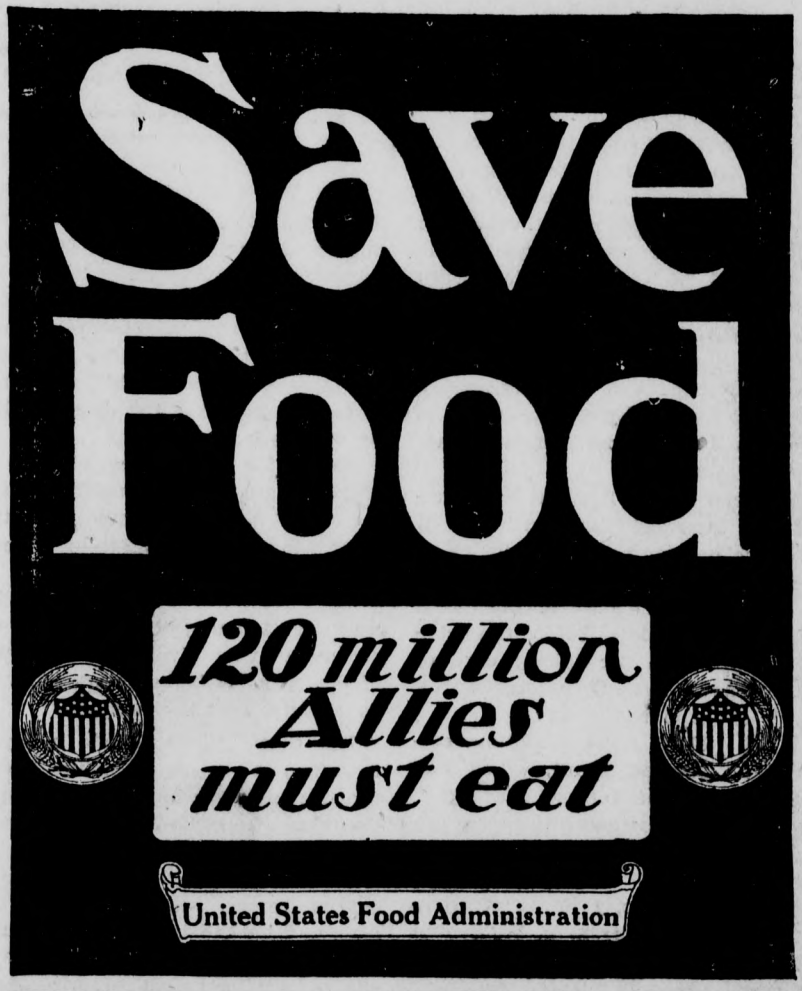
Gentlemen:

The Food Administration wishes to thank you for your continued support of this government institution in the great war struggle to save food for our fighting men and the Allies.

As a resident of Glendale, I am particularly interested in your war activities.

Faithfully yours,
U. S. FOOD ADMINSTRATION
Educational Division.
By FREDERICK O'BRIEN.

Residence
785 Pacific Avenue Glendale



AFTER THE WAR—WHAT?

SEATTLE, Sept 20.—Answers to a symposium call sent out recently by the Seattle Chamber of Commerce and Commercial Club showed unanimity in the belief of all business men that prosperity and progress, after the war, will depend largely upon the success in competitive world-trade of the Nation's Merchant Marine Fleet of 25,000,000 tons, as an extension to all world ports of the railroad service, thus opening up vast new markets to American products.

Without this govrnment-owned fleet, operated in connection with the railroad system, meeting all competition backed solidly by the American people, the consensus of opinion was that the United States would again become the Rip Van Winkle of the seas. Without exception, a large number of prominent business men offered the opinion that the success of the United States fleet in world trade competition—the fleet built and owned by the American people—vitally affected the prosperity of every farmer and business alike in every section of the country.

Prior to this war, practically all of the American products were carried to foreign markets by vessels of other countries and disposed of through foreign middlemen. Naturally, American welfare and prestige suffered, and the nation's prosperity depended upon the home markets. Henceforth, with the support of all the people, the new Merchant Marine Fleet will change this, opening up to American enterprise the markets of all the world. Never again, if co-operation is assured, will hard times come through over-production, for there will be an ample market and a never failing demand for all the agricultural and industrial surplus that American labor can produce.

In this campaign to "Wake Up America," the help of every editor and citizens generally is earnestly solicited.

Contribute to the Red Cross Fund.

PROCEEDINGS OF BOARD OF TRUSTEES

The Board assembled at 8:05 p. m. Thursday night. All members were present. The minutes of the last meeting were read and approved.

At this time the postponed hearing of the protests against the assessment for the opening and widening of Sycamore Canyon road were taken up. In this connection a letter was read from the City Attorney covering the question referred to him at the last meeting of the board, as to whether the board is authorized to postpone further proceedings in this matter without losing jurisdiction. In conclusion the opinion of the City Attorney is as follows: "I therefore advise you that you will lose no jurisdiction in connection with any reasonable delay which you may wish to bring about in connection with said improvement."

Engineer J. W. Reagan was present and informed the board that it would be necessary for the city to go ahead with this or other similar work calculated to take care of the storm water in this vicinity before the county appropriation for taking care of the storm water in Sycamore Canyon could be made available.

Trustee Shaw made a motion, seconded by Trustee Henry, which was adopted, that the further hearing in this matter be postponed until December 19, 1918.

An application for permission to hunt within the city limits of Glendale was received from P. W. Schirrmann. On motion of Trustee Henry, the permission was granted, confined, however, to the neighborhood of Verdugo Canyon, with the usual restrictions as to obtaining permission from the property owner.

A communication was read from the Mayor of Riverside, inviting all city officials to attend the convention of the league of California Municipalities to be held in that city October 15th to 18th, inclusive.

On motion of Trustee Muhleman, it was ordered that the invitation be accepted, and the city officials who can find it possible to attend do so.

Is Your Word Good?

The boys in France are fighting to keep the world safe for Democracy—they are keeping their pledge! Don't forget that they rely upon you to keep you pledge—to live up to your word given to Uncle Sam to buy a given number of WAR SAVINGS STAMPS.

Keep Your W. S. S. Pledge

SCOVERN-LETTON-FREY CO.
UNDERTAKERS
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The chairman of the Board reported that an order goes into effect on Saturday next which will make it difficult or impossible to obtain oil for street purposes after that date, and owing to the incompleted condition of Harvard Street the Street Superintendent reports that it will be necessary for the completion of this work in a proper manner that the oil be applied on Sunday next.

On motion of Trustee Henry, the board adopted the recommendation of the Street Superintendent as to this work and directed that it be done in accordance with the same.

The Chairman reported that the work of changing the names of the streets as now given on the corner of the curbs is being proceeded with as rapidly as practicable.

The City Attorney made a report in regard to the matter of the Pacific Electric rates, stating that in his opinion there should be no charge exceeding 5 cents for local travel within the city of Glendale; that he had taken this matter up with the railway officials and he had been told that there had been no change made in these local rates. In actual practice, however, it is a fact that 10 cents is being charged by the railway company in some parts of the city for local travel. He suggested that a committee of the board and representatives of the business interests of the city wait upon Mr. Smith of the Traffic Department of the Pacific Electric Company in regard to this matter. Trustee Henry made a motion, seconded by Trustee Jackson, and adopted, that a committee be appointed consisting of the Chairman of the Board, Trustees Muhleman and Shaw, the City Attorney and two or three representatives from the business men of the city to act in this capacity.

The City Treasurer reported that the sum of $44,405.50 had been paid into the treasury for the credit of Municipal District No. 2 and that the bonds of that district had been delivered to the purchasers.

The City Attorney reported that the matter of the rehearing before the railway commission in the application to fix the telephone rates has been referred back to the Commission by the Post Master General and the date of the hearing will be set in the very near future.

In regard to the bill of the Southern Pacific Railway Company for moving the tower of Tropico, he had taken the matter up with the proper officials of the company.

Demands 7497 to 7534 inclusive were presented to the board and referred to the finance committee.

On motion of Trustee Muhleman, the matter of duplication of assessments by the County of Los Angeles and City of Glendale on the Kenilworth District recently annexed to to this city was taken up by him with the Board of Supervisors.

The following demands were reported back approved by the finance committee, and warrants ordered to be issued in payment of the same:

7429, 7530, 7488, 7534, 7535.

Adjourned.

Help your letter carrier. Buy War Savings Stamps. Round up Week September, War Stamps cost $4.20 The United States will pay you $5.00 for this stamp January 1, 1923.

AN INTERESTING LETTER FROM N. C. BURCH

(Continued from Page 1)

something to disgrace it.

Our present home here is in a rural community on the Cumulos Rancho, some eight or ten miles west of the home of Helen Hunt Jackson's Ramona. It is a secluded and quiet place, off the great highways of traffic and transportation, in marked contrast with the hurry and push, rustle, rush and roar of traffic on the streets and railways of Tropico—just the place for one whose days of usefulness on the world's great battlefield is gone forever.

The people of the country about, from Sespe to the sea, are in the bean game for all there is in it. Thousands of acres of the finest farming lands in the world, with every nook and corner not devoted to orchards of the orange and lemon, apricot and walnut is intensively devoted to beans.

The automobile entrance to the region is from the State Highway at Saugus, and its exit over a paved roadway, county-built, on the seashore at Ventura, the capital city of the county.

We were the guests of the families of Henry Young and Herman Young, two young and prosperous farmers of the locality, on a recent trip over the road, and its continuation from Ventura over the famous automobile coast line highway, to Santa Barbara. Far off to the left, across the wide expanse of green, beans and sugar beets, some distance this side of Ventura, we could distinguish the towering walls of the Oxnard Sugar Beet Factory. The beautiful city of Santa Paula is on the line. This town was the former home of your worthy townsmen, Fred Richardson and Mr. Verdin. In the Sierras that wall in the plain on the north are the famous Sespe and Ventura canyons. Along the line and at the base of the Sierras are the largest lemon orchard in the world and the celebrated model farm of 1500 acres the son of Sporting-Goods Spaulding has inherited. On an airy promontory overlooking "old ocean's solitary waste," our hostesses served a bountiful luncheon of fried chicken and "trimmings." At the end of our trip we took an automobile climb to the top of the mountain, Mission Heights, overlooking the old Santa Barbara Mission. As we lingered, looking and listening, our ears greeted the shrill tones of the mission bells, instinctively conjuring the magical ringing of them by John McGroarty when he says:

"Dream wrapped in memory's mystic spell
I rang the rusty mission bell
And called to hill and vale and sea
To give their dead again to me—
The brown-robed priests, the altar lights,
The hosts of dark-eyed neophytes."

Many of the old residents of Tropico will be pleased to hear that Rev. Shoemaker, former pastor of the Presbyterian Church of Tropico, has returned to Southern California from Oakland, and has been called to the pastorate of the church at our nearby city of Fillmore.

The young men's Bible class of this church has twenty-two members on its war service flag.

Our Bardsdale precinct has thirty-seven on its banner of war service boys.

The Fillmore High School has an enrollment of 380 attendants, besides 220 in its grammar grade department.

The fruit growers of the surrounding section, including this, are building a $50,000 fruit packing house at Fillmore.

A marked feature of its way of doing things by the Fillmore High School Board is the gathering up and returning the attendants from the outlying districts in automobile 'busses at the district's expense.

Dutiful regards from
NELSON C. BURCH.

CALIFORNIA LIBERTY FAIR

Twenty-five thousand blooms, a floral display that is to exceed anything ever before attempted; a live stock exhibit that should be a record-breaker, and a Government exhibit that will include war equipment as well as a food show, are some of the promises made for the California Liberty Fair to be held at Exposition Park, Los Angeles, from October 12 to 26.

When this fair was first proposed it was the intention to hold an exposition that would appeal to the people and that would show the resources of California. As the weeks have passed, attraction after attraction has been added until it is possible today to announce an exposition that will have World-Fair proportions. There is not an attraction that will not be of a high class. Everything is being arranged carefully and when the gates are opened on October 12th the public is promised a treat such as never before has been prepared for them.

Every county in this state is to have an opportunity to exhibit and to call attention to its resources and advantages. The chambers of commerce of the counties will compete in an effort to show what California can do when it comes to producing the fruits of the soil.

Among the other attractions is a pageant play that is produced by Dorothy Schindler, who is assisted by Rev. A. William Goetz. This most interesting play was written by Rev. Myrtle I. Hoagland, and the portrayal of scenes in Egypt at the time of Joseph when famine came, is emphasized in a pictorial display. The manner in which Egypt, under the directorate of Joseph, the son of Jacob, conserved her food supply and finally became the savior of nations, and the need of production, is brought out vividly in this play. Some of the prophetic dreams are shown in tableau. The seed time and harvest, the gathering into the granaries in years of plenty that there might be an abundance of food, are also shown, then come the seven years when the famine is grievous in the land and all the nations come to Egypt for their supply of grain. The play shows Joseph to be the first Hoover in history, and is entitled "The Handwriting in the Heavens."

RAZOR GRINDING AND SHARPENING

I have opened up a razor grinding and sharpening shop at 1211 West Broadway, first building west of Spohr,s Drug Store. Keep your business at home. Satisfaction guaranteed. F. H. Walker.

FIGHTING WITH FOOD (*Continued*)

We made the French people cut their bread ration one-third a few days before the great German offensive began. That is what you and I did. And just stop for a minute and think what that means. We did that at a time when Germany was saying to France and England, "You had better compromise this thing. The Americans won't help you. They are a Nation of money grubbers; they won't wake up in time. They promised you airships. They promised you millions of men. They promised you ships. You had better compromise this matter and leave the Americans to us."

But France and England said, "No, no! The Nation that has sent the type of men that America has sent to France will never go back on them or go back on the soldiers and people fighting with those men."

That is the spirit we have put into this war. That is the spirit in these noble men who have gone to France, the men of the Army and the Navy. Faith in those men has given the people over there faith in us, so that they are willing to go on.

Russia's Downfall.

Let us turn for a minute and see why Russia went out of this war. Russia is a great country, larger than ours. Russia fought three years under bitter conditions. Russia, it is said, lost 5,000,000 dead and had millions wounded. Russia lost in one campaign as many in dead and wounded as we have sent to France due to the treachery of the Russian minister of war, but a Prussian agent. He sent those boys into traps to die, hundreds of thousands of them. Russia stood that. She had great reverses and great successes. She lost 1,500,000 prisoners. She fought on. And then last March she began to totter and then gradually to go down. First down came the Czar. Why? Because Russia began to starve. That is why.

The patient people stood in the streets of Petrograd in lines. The lines ended at the bakeshops. They stood all day long, and there was no bread at the end of the line. And then they gathered in the streets. They went right through the hotels clear to the roof, tore down the police, who had machine guns trained on the streets. They went over their dead comrades to do it. Men are all alike. Hungry men fight only for food. Revolutions are born in bread lines. Thus they brought down the Czar. Along came the first Republic, and they brought that down too. The army was not fed. They were easily the subjects of German propaganda.

Russia tottered out of the fight and left us to finish the job. Today there is famine in Russia. There are mobs in the streets of Petrograd. The people are scattering in the country. They hope to be fed. They are looking to Germany to arrange some kind of order, so they can get food.

The Fate of Finland.

Look at Finland. In November a representative of Finland came to us and said, "Are you going to let us have the wheat we bought from you? We have got to have it. There are 3,500,000 of us in Finland; our cereal crops are a failure. Our people are living on 150 grams of bread a day and mixing it with bark of trees and hay. We bought the wheat we needed in Russia, but the mobs took it off the trains in Petrograd and only a few loads got through. We bought wheat again in the United States, and bought it a third time in Canada to be safe.

"Now you stop the wheat we have bought over here and you stop the wheat we bought in Canada. Are you going to see the Finnish people go to death and destruction?"

And we had to say to them, "We do not even know whether the American people will save enough for the fighting troops and the millions back of those who are fighting with us. How can we help you? Perhaps we can give you oats."

Today Germany is organizing Finland.

Freedom's Darkest Hour.

One more incident. One day last winter Lord Rhondda received a cablegram from our Food Administration, saying, "We have sent you the last of the surplus wheat of the 1917 harvest. All the wheat we can send you from January to September must come from the savings of the American people. There will be none to send if they eat as they have done before."

Lord Rhondda laid down the paper. "The war is over," he said, "We are beaten."

But we reassured the British. "Hold on," we said, "America means business; we will save and send the wheat." What was done you all know. And by that we did more to make our credit good in Europe than by any other thing that has been done.

A French officer told us, "When my men heard that the Americans had sent their last surplus wheat, and that they were not on rations and that further shipments depended on their savings, they mutinied. The men said, 'We will go down into the sea and drown with the Sammies, we will go out in the trenches and die with the Sammies but, by God, we won't go on and fight when the American people have the food and eat it themselves and do not send it to us'."

Can you blame them? That is where we stand today.

(Continued .....)

6 Months Front Line Duty Gives Gold Sleeve Bar

Badge of Honorable Service at Home Is Fourth Liberty Loan Button

General Orders, No. 53, recently issued by the War Department in Washington, provide:

"A gold chevron * * * to be worn on the lower half of the left sleeve * * * by each officer, field clerk and enlisted man who has served six months in a theatre of operations during the present war * * * *."

A war service badge—bespeaking active participation in the conflict abroad. What pride the wearer will feel, in that little piece of adornment, "of standard material and design"!

To the onlookers, what honors will it suggest; what endurance and valor!

War service badges are not to be confined to the Army and Navy alone. The great numbers of those who stay at home may have a badge of service and distinction. With the issuing of the Fourth Liberty Loan button there becomes available for every loyal American a mark of war service, a badge of honor for war work well done.

BUY A BOND TODAY — FOURTH LIBERTY LOAN — WEAR THIS BUTTON

Every Slacker Trips a Whacker!

Every Dollar Makes the Kaiser Holler!

Hock the Kaiser and Buy a Bond.

Help Yankee Doodle Do the Despot.

Pay His Way to St. Helena on Bonds.

Help Boom the Loan to Doom the Kaiser!

A Man Who Won't Lend Is the Kaiser's Friend!

The More Bonds You Buy the Fewer Boys Will Die!

If You Can't Fight, Your Money Can.

Freemen Buy Bonds; Slaves Wear Them.

CONFERENCE MEETING

The librarian of the Branch Library as received an invitation to attend he State Conference of the United War Work Campaign, to be held at Hotel Alexandria at 10 a. m. September 23.

The conference is for the purpose of making plans for the campaign to be conducted during the week beginning November 11. In this campaign the following organizations are to be represented, and their respective shares are as follows:

Young Men's Christian Association, 00,000,000.

National Catholic War Council, 30,000,000.

War Camp Community Service, 15,000,000.

Young Women's Christian Association, 15,000,000.

Jewish Welfare Board, U. S. Army and Navy, 3,500,000.

The Salvation Army, 3,500,000.

American Library Association, 3,500,000.

The quota assigned to California is nearly five million dollars.

In the forenoon session, the conference will be addressed by distinguished visitors from the East.

In the afternoon plans proposed by the National Directors will be discussed, and arrangements made for a California campaign organization.

Tropico will be expected to do its share in raising this money, and any one interested is urged to attend this conference.

The Librarian expects to attend the morning session, but will not be able to attend in the afternoon.

THE DIXIE HIGHWAY

The Dixie Highway is being pushed urgently.

It starts at Savannah on the Atlantic, passes through Columbus, Montgomery, Jackson, Shreveport, Dallas, Roswell, El Paso, Phoenix, Yuma, and reaches the Pacific at San Diego.

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LOCAL HAPPENNINGS

Mr. S. D. Van Tine, of La Clede Avenue is recovering from an attack of influenza.

Rev. H. C. Shoemaker and wife, of Fillmore , were guests at the S. E. Brown home last week.

The Misses Ruth and Olga Nofziger have gone to Imperial Valley, where they will teach school.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Gabaig, of 117 North Central Avenue, visited at Chino Tuesday with Mr. Gabaig's mother.

E. E. Harwood, principal of our schools, and his family are now at home to their friends at 208 East Cypress Avenue.

Mrs. A. R. Ballantyne, of 320 North Glendale Avenue, and her daughter, Mrs. Dr. Magee, of San Gabriel, left last week for Asheville, N. C., where they expect to spend the winter.

Guy Rice came in from Silver City, Monday, for a short visit with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. L. C. Rice of Central Avenue. He expects to join the ranks of Uncle Sam's boys in October.

Mr. Judd Wilbur, of 306 North Glendale Avenue, has gone to La Canada, where he will make his home with his daughter, Mrs. John Pate. His son Gregg has joined the army.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Ray Pitman, of Los Angeles, at Thornycroft hospital, Tuesday, September 17th, a bouncing, 9-pound baby boy. Mr. and Mrs. Pitman were formerly Tropico residents.

Mrs. E. Stoffer, of Van Nuys, visited last week with her daughter, Mrs. G. M. Ballentyne. Little Mary and George accompanied her home and enjoyed a birthday party with their little cousins, David and Caroline Colemery, returning Sunday evening. Stanley Ballentyne, also, enjoyed a ten days' visit with his grandmother before the opening school days.

Mrs. Bert Henry, accompanied by her daughter, Miss Lucile, and son, Lawrence, of Pomona, was the guest of Mrs. M. M. Schout on Tuesday and Wednesday of this week.

H. W. Augustus left last Saturday for Bard, Calif., for a month's visit with his daughters, Mrs. F. B. Pence and Mrs. J. Lawson. Mrs. Augustus is planning to go later and return with her husband.

Rev. F. D. Mather preacehd on Wednesday evening in Social Hall, and held the Quarterly Conference. Excellent reports were given by the president of the Epworth League, Junior Epworth League, W. F. M. S., W. H. M. S., and the pastor.

FOR RENT

Four-room Modern Flat, furnished. $10 per month. Will give first month's rent to cover moving expenses. 210½ S. San Fernando Blvd. Tropico.

Mrs. Priscilla Burke
Mandolin Lessons
3439 Perlita Avenue, Atwater Tract
Or Phone Glendale 1500

PACIFIC GARAGE
H. F. Kendall, Prop. Sunset, Gl. 363
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FIRST CLASS REPAIR WORK BY A MAN OF EXPERIENCE AND SKILL. QUICK REPAIRING A SPECIALTY. CARS CLEANED AND STORED. RELIABLE SERVICE AT ALL TIMES.

E. R. Naudain V. V. Naudain
GLENDALE ELECTRIC COMPANY
Electrical Contractors
G. E. Mazda Lamps Fixtures
Supplies Motors
314 SOUTH BRAND
Glendale 423-J—Phones—Home 2532

Mr. and Mrs. Ryan, of Atwater Avenue, have moved to Banning.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Bullis left on Saturday for Lejon Pass where they will spend a few days.

Mr. A. C. Guth has rented his property on Perlita Avenue and will live in the City.

Mrs. Lynn Lloyd Rowan has charge of the sugar permits for Atwater Tract and Precinct 674 of Los Angeles.

Mr. and Mrs. S. E. Brown, of 301 Blanche Avenue, and Frank Ashton and wife, motored to Long Beach for days' outing recently.

Mr. Wilson has purchased a house on La Clede Avenue, and has moved into it. Several other changes in real estate have taken place, which will be reported later.

Dr. B. C. Corey will preach tomorrow, Sunday, morning on the topic: "Guides to Christian Conscience," and in the evening a concert service will be given. There will be special music, solos, etc. All are invited to be present.

MILLINERY ANNOUNCEMENT

Mrs. Grace Yarbrough, milliner, 405 South Brand Boulevard, announces her fall opening for the latter part of this week, the last day of the opening being on Saturday (today). The hats on display include all of the new models that will be worn this fall, and they are pretty beyond words. Mrs. Yarbrough also has a nice line of Hatter's Plush in various colors and shades in all the newest shapes and also the Feather Turbans.

The ladies of Glendale and vicinity are cordially invited to come and see these new fall styles, and are under no obligations to buy. Orders taken for the new fall hats will be filled on short notice. Or, if you want the last season's hat re-trimmed and re-shaped we shall be glad to assist you. (Adv.)

RED CROSS NOTES

An additional credit of $41.75 has been given the Tropico Branch from the Second Red Cross War Fund.

Tropico children are doing their bit too, as the latest report shows 22,-500 gun wipers to their credit.

The Salvage Department are rejoicing over the receipts for August, which amounted to $185.00. A fine showing, for which they have good reason to be proud.

An auxiliary of the Tropico Red Cross branch will be organized in the Atwater Tract in order to facilitate the work in that section, where many energetic workers are located.

A box is to be provided at the Branch Library for the reception of tin foil, and the contents will be collected twice a week by the committee in charge of the Salvage Department.

FOR BELGIAN RELIEF

The Red Cross Salvage Department will be open every day next week, hours 9 to 12 and 2 to 5, and the collections and work will be for the Belgian Relief work. Special request for donations and assistance is made.

The Woman's Foreign Missionary Society of the Methodist Church met on Friday at the home of Mrs. A. M. Phillips. A very interesting program was carried out. Reports were given by the officers, which showed that good work had been done. An interesting letter was read from the Bible Woman in India who is supported by this society, also one from Dr. Henry, an honorary member of the society. Election of officers resulted as follows: President, Miss Adda Burch; Vice President, Mrs. Penniman; Corresponding Secretary, Mrs. Doughty; Recording Secretary, Mrs. P. O. Lucas; Treasurer, Mrs. J. W. McMillan; Mite Box Treasurer, Mrs. Phillips. Two new members were added to the society. Dainty refreshments were served by the hostess. The next meeting will be held at the home of Mrs. Hollingsworth, the second Friday in October.

Mr. R. H. Mouser, who is better known as Bill Stinger, delighted a large audience at the Tropico Methodist Church on Thursday evening by a program of readings and descriptive poems of his own composition. Bill Stinger was one of the best known of the converts in the Billy Sunday meetings. With Mrs. Crawford as pianist, several patriotic songs were sung at the opening.

FOR ALL JAYHAWKERS

Just listen to the call for all who ever lived in the State of Kansas, to meet for an all-day picnic reunion in Sycamore Grove, Los Angeles, Saturday, September 28th, 1918. Come as early as you can and spend the day with friends from all over the Southland. The county registers will be open all day so you can find your old home neighbors.

There will be a brief program with music and greetings from Sunflower State speakers, but the main object will be to have a good time. We will have popular patriotic songs, and Old Glory will wave in the breezes.

We want to see all from the old home state who are in California. Special need and reason for large attendance. Bring your lunch baskets well filled. Coffee will be served free to all who buy the new badges.

Newton-Harvey, Concordia and all other town and county organizations invited to have meetings with special tables.

Become a stockholder in the United States—buy War Savings Stamps.

The philosophy of the W. S. S. is save, save, save.

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Teacher of Piano and Harmony
Residence Studio, 240 S. Central Ave.
Phone Glendale 638-M

Dr. P. O. Lucas
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Children's Work a Specialty
Office Hours:-9 to 12; 1 to 5
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MASTER FORD STARTER
FOR FORD CARS

We want Active Representative Man as Exclusive Distributor in Tropico for the Master Ford Starter, which sells for $17.50, and is absolutely guaranteed. This is certainly a big opportunity, as the margin of profit is very large. Every Ford Owner wants one. Write today for particulars. Master Ford Accessories Co., 200 Marsh-Strong Bldg., Los Angeles, Cal.

State Secretary and Organizer
Walt Le Noir Church

State Depositary
Glendale Savings Bank

"THE CALIFORNIANS"

A Non-Partisan, Non-Sectarian, Non-Sectional, State-Wide Association, being organized for promoting the common interests of all loyal people in California.

Home Office of the Association, and of "The Californians", the periodical which will be its official organ,

In GLENDALE SAVINGS BANK
Brand and Broadway Glendale, California

WILL TOUR SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA

Tht "Million Dollar" Liberty Loan Tank Victory will tour Southern California and appear in every city and community during the Liberty Loan Campaign.

This was the announcement of Publicity Director Janss of the Southern California Liberty Loan State Central Committee after meeting with the County Chairmen of the various Southern California Counties.

This monster tank is the same tank that was the central feature of the Liberty Loan Campaign in Los Angeles City during the Third Drive. From its hurricane deck a million dollars' worth of bonds were sold by the Moving Picture Studios of Los Angeles. So successful was this feature during the Third Loan that Director of Publicity Janss was besieged with requests to have the tank appear in Southern California cities.

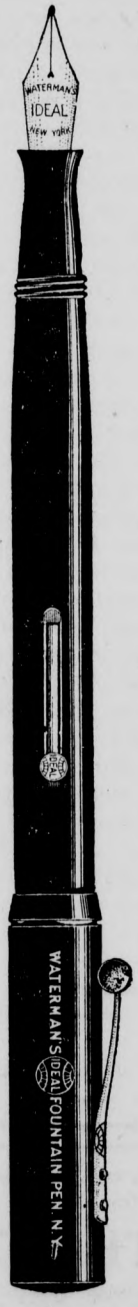
The big tank will be escorted through the entire tour by military motorcycle outriders and will carry a machine gun and be fully equipped with spot lights, flood lights and every contrivance necessary for Liberty Loan work. It is stated it will travel between the different communities on its own power. The exact date of its appearance at Glendale will be announced later, and it is stated that prominent moving picture stars will appear in this city and speak from the tank. Special plans will be arranged to make the visit of the tank a huge success.

GLENDALE MAN PROMOTED TO CAPTAIN

Lieutenant Dru Worth Nicoles, of the Coast Artillery, stationed at Fort MacArthur, has recently received his commission as Captain, a promotion well deserved by this most efficient officer. Captain Nicoles had had some experience in military matters before coming to Glendale, having been a resident of Indianapolis, Ind., where he was a member of the National Guard for three years.

Captain Nicoles was for seven years wire chief in the telephone office, and his family is still in Glendale. At present he is stationed at Ft. MacArthur as assistant artillery engineer in charge of the signal coast defense.

For the School Boy or Girl



FOR EVERYBODY

Waterman's Ideal Fountain Pen

The Waterman Ideal Fountain Pen is the most convenient and necessary article for school use.

Women as well as men now carry a Fountain Pen because it is a great convenience.

The "Safety" style can be carried in the pocket or handbag without danger of leaking.

Let us show you the different styles and models for the student. All sizes and prices.

ROBERTS & ECHOLS

RELIABLE DRUGGISTS

BOTH PHONES 195 FREE DELIVERIES

The Confessions of a German Deserter

Written by a Prussian Officer Who Participated in the Ravaging and Pillaging of Belgium

Copyright by Detroit Free Press

(Continued from last week)

The next morning we went into the trenches. We had to reach our position before daybreak, for with daylight the French kept all the approaches under fire. There was not much of a trench in Vauquois. All that could be seen was a single stone pile. Literally, there was not, in this town, one stone left upon another. The ruins of this village had changed hands more than fifteen times. When we arrived one-half of Vauquois was in German hands. The French were in possession of the highest points from which they could overlook the country for many miles.

In default of a trench we sought cover behind the stones, for it was impossible to dig trenches here, as the artillery leveled everything. The soldiers concealed themselves behind stone walls and fired. Artillery of all caliber covered these ruins. Amid all this destruction lay an army of corpses, mostly German.

CHAPTER XVII.

We were of the opinion at first that this was only a temporary condition, but after a few days we saw a slaughter bordering on insanity undertaken again and again. By night and day it was always the same. Using Verdun as their base, the French constantly brought up new masses of troops. They had marshaled their heavy guns from the nearer Verdun forts by the use of field railways.

In the spring of 1915 both sides began an offensive of local, but of an incomprehensible, murderous nature. German and French artillery bombarded Vauquois so that not a square foot of land could be found which had not been torn up by shells. Thousands and thousands of shells, large and small, were hurled into the town for three days and three nights.

This Village Had Changed Hands More Than Fifteen Times.

This continued until not a single soldier was left in the village, for both French and Germans had to retire from this fire from both sides, as it was absolutely impossible to have survived this hell. The entire hill and adjoining heights were enveloped in smoke.

On the evening of the third day the enemy bombardment abated somewhat and we were once more sent into the pile of debris, which had been torn by a hundred thousand shells. It was not yet dusk, and as the French had also advanced an attack developed. They came into our lines with strong reserve units and the wildest kind of a hand-to-hand encounter ensued.

Sharp daggers flew from head to head, breast to breast. Men stood on corpses in order to make new corpses.

New enemies continued to arrive. For each man who was killed three others appeared.

We also received re-enforcements, thus permitting the slaughter to continue.

Each man fought frenziedly, expecting his death blow momentarily.

No life was worth a penny. Each man fought like a beast.

I stumbled and fell upon the stones and in less time than is required to relate it I saw before me a giant Frenchman with a pioneer's spade raised to strike a blow. With lightninglike speed I dodged and the spade struck a stone.

In the next moment my adversary had a dagger plunged to the hilt in his abdomen.

He went down with a terrible cry and crumpled up in agony on the ground. I thrust the dagger into my boot and seized the spade. There were new enemies all around and the spade came in handy.

I struck an enemy between the head and shoulders. The sharp spade entered his body and buried itself half way in. I heard the bones crack under the force of the blow.

Another adversary was nearby and I dropped the spade and seized the dagger.

He struck me with his fist and the blood ran from my mouth and nose.

We clenched. My dagger was in my right hand.

Each of us held the other around the breast. He was not superior to me in strength yet he clung to me as tightly as I did to him.

We tried to reach each other with our teeth. I still held the dagger but was unable to strike.

Soon one of us would have to let go. While I was trying my best to find a way to kill him there was a terrible explosion nearby.

I saw my opponent fall and I myself felt a terrible pain in the right side of my lower jaw.

I ran as quickly as I could to the rear and after a search of several hours found a dressing station, where I was bandaged.

My face was so swollen that the doctor could not tell whether or not my jaw had been broken.

I was placed on a train for wounded men, bound for Germany, and was taken to a hospital in Dusseldorf.

I arrived at Dusseldorf August 28, 1915. My wound was not dangerous and they expected I would be cured in 14 days. Yet it required three weeks.

During this time I made up my mind firmly that I would not murder any more people at the order of and to further the interests of Hohenzollernism, that this war would mean the end of the Hohenzollerns and of Prussian militarism. I decided to desert to Holland.

CHAPTER XVIII.

I prevailed upon the authorities to grant me an eight-day furlough to visit my home and I took advantage of this to cross the Dutch border. I left my

home under a pretence of intending to visit relatives, wearing civilian clothing. I bought a railroad ticket to Kaldenkirchen, a medium-sized town near the Dutch border. During my trip to Kaldenkirchen I had plenty of time to review all that had happened.

How different everything was after the first year of the war! My home town, once a lively country settlement, was now as calm as a graveyard. In this town, which had a population before the war of 3,000 souls, more than 40 had been killed and many others crippled. Food was very high with little to be had.

There was no enthusiasm for the war manifest anywhere. The people were downhearted, stunned.

It was the same in other cities. The longing for peace was universal yet no one talked of peace or expressed the desire for it.

One word spoken, which displeased the autocratic government, merited the severest punishment. That is how it is to be explained that the German people cannot force the Hohenzollerns into peace because the government, with assistance of the military, smothered every expression of peace with blood, even at that early date.

The present Prussian government will slaughter any German citizen to further its own interests in the same way that it attacked the innocent population of Belgium without regard.

With a clean conscience and clean hands!

"Gott strafe England. Er ist strafe es!"

Going through the streets this was heard right and left as a comment and a reply.

To me, fresh from the front, this kind of greeting was unknown.

Presently I learned the reason of this modern form of salutation. The hatred within the German nation was not so great toward France and Russia.

The people quietly accepted the enormous sacrifices which the war demanded from them in course of time.

But the government, which even then, foresaw the unfavorable course the war was taking, conceived the idea of setting England up as the arch-enemy which intended to destroy Germany entirely.

The German war machine made use of the blockade which England drew around Germany to such an extent, playing upon child murder, so-called, that the people developed an ever-increasing hatred toward England.

The French language was no longer spoken anywhere. A large part of the German people formerly used the French word "adieu," as a farewell expression but that was stopped. Care had to be taken in the use of this word to avoid arrest on a charge of high treason.

I thought about these things as I neared my temporary destination. I was sufficiently acquainted with the border so that when I arrived in Kaldenkirchen I was able to reach it without asking any questions. The spot which I had selected for crossing lay in a forest. After a march of two hours I arrived near the border. It was soon dark and I decided to remain in the woods over night.

The next morning at daylight I ventured on and without being seen by the guards I crossed into Dutch territory. With a sigh of relief I arrived at the next town, Ven , in Holland.

Everywhere I was received in a friendly manner. I observed that the Dutch people hated the German people as much as I did.

After passing several months in Holland, where tens of thousands more German deserters lived, I made up my mind to move farther away than that from Germany for the arms of the German government are long and its spies are everywhere in most cases conscienceless criminals.

Some of my Dutch friends made me acquainted with sailors and these consented to smuggle me to America on their ship. When the ship departed I was placed in the coal bunkers and arrived after 14 days in New York, safe and well.

The first thing that struck me on arriving in the United States was the wide latitude permitted German propaganda.

Most of the German papers published here were body and soul for the kaiser and tried daily to justify the German fight for the German cause.

In this respect the government in Washington certainly went too far until it was realized that no concessions could be made to the Prussian government and that concessions made to Washington were nothing but deceitful talk, sustained only by action when it served its interests of imperialism.

The promises which the German government made to Washington concerning the Lusitania case, the U-boat warfare and so forth, were nothing but deceit on the part of the Berlin government.

It was the desire to preserve peace for the American people which impelled President Wilson, again and again, not to declare war and if America fights today it has only kept faith with its democratic principles and assisted the world in defensive war against the autocracy that is a constant menace for the world, which prepared for this war over several decades.

With the entrance of America into the war the backbone of Prussian militarism will be broken. The Hindenburgs and the Hohenzollerns are doomed. A victory for the allies will be a victory for democracy and a victory of the greatest majority seeking the welfare of the human race.

(THE END.)

HOLD YOUR LIBERTY BONDS

To successfully finance the war it is necessary that owners of Liberty bonds hold their bonds if possible. Where for any good reason it is necessary for them to turn their bonds into cash they should sek the advice of their bankers.

Liberty loan bonds are very desirable investments, and crafty individuals are using various means to secure them from owners not familiar with stock values and like matters. One method is to offer to exchange for Liberty bonds stocks or bonds of doubtful organizations represented as returning a much larger income than the bonds.

There are various other methods used and likely to be used, some of the gold-brick variety and others less crude and probably within the limits of the law. All offers for Liberty bonds except for money and at market value should be scrutinized carefully. The bonds are the safest of investments, and have nontaxable and other valuable features.

To hold your Liberty loan bonds, if possible, is patriotic. To consult your banker before selling them is wise.

THE AMERICAN'S CREED

I believe in the United States of America as a government of the people, by the people, for the people, whose just powers are derived from the consent of the governed; a democracy in a republic; a sovereign Nation of many sovereign States; a perfect Union, one and inseparable, established upon those principles of freedom, equality, justice, and humanity for which American patriots sacrificed their lives and fortunes.

I, therefore, believe it is my duty to my country to love it; to support its Constitution; to obey its laws; to respect its flag; and to defend it against all enemies.

WILLIAM TYLER PAGE.

AT THE PALACE GRAND

"America's sweetheart," Mary Pickford, appears here today in her latest comedy-drama, "Johanna Enlists." This picture is heralded as a big triumph, and as something entirely different from anything that this popular player has ever appeared in before. There is also a very good two-reel comedy, smiling Billy Parsons in "Billy Settles Down." There is a children's matinee at 2:30 and evening shows promptly at 6:45 and 8:45.

For Sunday an unusually generous offering is promised in a big double bill. "Less than Kin," featuring Wallace Reid, is a play in which the hero is content to impersonate another man until the other man's wife and friends appear on the scene. He goes to jail

rather than accept them. It is a good one. In addition there is the second attraction, Fatty Arbuckle in "The Cook," and, as everybody knows, Fatty is always good. There is a matinee at 2:30 and evening shows at 6:45 and 8:45.

That big attraction, Theda Bara in "Cleopatra," will be shown at this theater again on Monday. This is the big half-million-dollar production, in which you may see the big cities that were built especially for this picture, as well as the desert scenes and sea battles. Regular prices will be charged. Matinee starts as 2:30, and evening shows at 7:00 and 8:45.

For Tuesday, September 24, a big war drama is offered, "The Prussian Cur," in which Otto Golst, one of the most daring German spies, reveals the secrets of the German spy system, and actually appears in scene after scene, depicting its workings as he knew them. This is the spy who was once the Kaiser's personal friend, who engineered the notorious plot to blow up the locks of the Welland canal in Canada, and escaped death as a spy in the tower of London by coming to America to testify in the United states. Matinee at 2:30. Two evening shows. 7:00 and 8:45.

For Wednesday is offered the thrilling drama of a young vaudeville actress who risked her soul for the man she loved. Mae Murray plays the part of the young actress, and the title of the play is "Her Body in Bond." In addition to this special attraction, there will be one wild animal picture, and a cartoon comedy. Matinee at 2: 30. Evening shows at 7:00 and 8:45.

George Scarborough's sensational story, "Her Only Way," with Norma Talmadge, the star of "De Luxe Annie," "The Safety Curtain" and others, is the attraction for Thursday. It is the gripping story of a young girl just out of boarding school. Also, as on every Thursday, the Allied Official War Review will be shown, giving a view of the activities of our armies on the different war fronts. There will be the usual matinee at 2:30 and evening shows at 7:00 and 8:45.

HELP OUT IF YOU CAN

If you have an extra overcoat or woolen garment of any kind for man, woman or child, hanging in your closet after September 30, it will haunt you for what it might have done to clothe a needy Belgian this winter. Dig it up now, and be ready to send it to the Red Cross.

In response to a call from Herbert Hoover, head of the Commission for relief in Belgium, who says that 10,000,000 Belgians depend upon America for their winter's clothing, the American Red Cross has promised to collect 5,000 tons of used clothing. The collection will be done by Red Cross chapters September 23 to 30.

In addition to used clothing, piece goods, blankets, and baby clothes are included in the call. Only garments of strong material can be accepted. Donors are reminded that it will not be necessary to mend the garments, as the repair work will give employment to thousands of destitute women in the occupied regions.

Henry P. Davison, chairman of the War Council of the American Red Cross, in his appeal for a hearty response from the American people, says:

"Every household in the land has some spare clothing, worn or outgrown, of little value here, but desperately needed by the destitute there. They have been reduced to fashioning garments from flour sacks, old blankets, sheets, and tablecloths, which have now almost disappeared, and shoes from scraps of carpet and jute sacks. Today it costs eight dollars to have a pair of shoes resoled. For bedding, sacks stuffed with dry leaves or moss serve as mattresses. Everywhere the need for blankets is tremendous. Hospitals and other institutions suffer for want of sheets. In some places whole families sleep together to share a single blanket. We cannot purchase what is needed, "But you can give it."

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Church Notices

FIRST CHURCH OF CHRIST, SCIENTIST

Second Street and Maryland Avenue, Glendale

Services Sunday, 11 a. m., Sunday School 9:30 a. m., Wednesday evening Testimony Meeting at 8.

Reading Room at 135 S. Brand Blvd., open daily except Sundays and holidays from 12 M. to 5 P. M. Also open Tuesday, Thursday an d aturday evenings from 7 to 9.

The lesson sermon is from the Christian Science Quarterly of Bible Lessons.

Subject, Sunday, September 21 "Matter."

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH

Laurel and Central Aves. Tropico

Pastor, Rev. O. P. Rider, 208 East Acacia street.

Sunday morning service 11 o'clock; Sunday School 9:45 A. M.; Christian Endeavor meeting Sunday at 6:30 P. M.; Sunday evening service 7:30 o'clock; Midweek prayer meeting, Wednesday evening at 7:30 o'clock; Ladies' Aid all day meeting, the second Thursday in the month; Woman's Missionary Meeting the fourth Thursday afternoon in the month.

FIRST METHODIST CHURCH

Central and Palmer Aves., Tropico

Pastor, Rev. B. C. Cory, 400 Central Avenue.

Sunday morning service at 11:00 o'clock; Sunday School 9:45 A. M. Epworth League 6:30 P. M. Sunday evening service 7:30 o'clock. Junior League 2:30 P. M. Midweek prayer meeting Wednesday evening at 7:30 o'clock. Woman's Foreign Missionary Society meeting the second Thursday afternoon in the month. Woman's Home Missionary Society meeting the fourth Tuesday in the month. Ladies' Aid meeting the first Tuesday in the month.

SEVENTH DAY ADVENTIST

The Seventh Day Adventists hold services in the Tropico Presbyterian Church. Sabbath School at 9:30 A. M. and Preaching at 11:00 A. M.

GLENDALE NEW THOUGHT CENTER

Masonic Temple

Chairman, Mrs. J. C. Dennerlen, 1304 Central Ave., North Glendale.

Morning Service at 11:00 A. M. Sunday School 10:00 A. M., Miss Olive Williams, Leader.

HOLY FAMILY CATHOLIC CHURCH

Seventh Street near Everett

Mass at 8 and 10:30. Sunday school at 9:00 A. M. Doors open to all.

Rev. James S. O'Neill, pastor.

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH

Third and Louise streets, Glendale. Vernon H. Cowsert, Pastor.

A cordial welcome to all and a glad greeting to the stranger.

Bible School at 9:30 a. m.

Morning Service at 11:00 a. m.

B. Y. P. U., Junior and Senior, 6:30 p. m.

Evening Service at 7:30 p. m.

CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH

Third and Central, Glendale, Dr. E. H. Willisford, pastor.

Sunday School, 9:45 a. m.

Morning Service, 11:00 a. m.

Junior Christian Endeavor, 6:00 p. m.

Intermediate Christian Endeavor, 6:30 p. m.

Evening Service, 7:30 p. m.

OCCULT SCIENCE OF CHRIST CHURCH SERVICES

Meets every Sunday at 111 Elrose Street, near Adams.

Healing Service at 7:45 P. M.

Lecture at 8:00 P. M.

THIRD STREET EPISCOPAL

The Third Street Episcopal congregation hold their services in the Adventist church, Third and Isabel Streets, every Sunday morning at 11. Sunday School at 9:45 a. m.

CASA VERDUGO M. E. CHURCH

Julius Soper, Pastor.

9:45 a. m. Sunday School.

11:00 a. m. Divine Service.

5:45 p m. Intermediate Epworth League.

6:45 p. m. Senior Epworth League.

7:30 p. m. Evening Service.

ST. MARK'S EPISCOPAL CHURCH

Corner Fifth and Louise streets, next to public Library.

Sunday School, 9:30 a. m.

Holy Communion and Sermon by the Rector, 11:00 a. m.

LUTHERAN CHURCH

Fifth and Maryland, Rev. R. W. Mottern, Pastor.

Sunday School at 9:30.

Morning Worship at 11:00.

Christian Endeavor at 6:30.

Evening Worship a 7:30.

CENTRAL CHRISTIAN CHURCH

Corner Louise and Colorado, Clifford A. Cole, minister.

Hours of services:

Sermons, 10:45 a. m., 7:30 p. m.

Bible School, with classes for all ages, 9:30 a. m.

Christian Endeavor, 6:30 p. m.

WEST GLENDALE METHODIST CHURCH

511 S. Pacific Avenue. Rev. E. M. Crandall, pastor.

Bible School at 9:45 a. m.

Morning Worship, at 11 o'clock.

Epworth League, 6:30 p. m.

Evening worship, 7:30.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH OF GLENDALE

Sabbath School, 9:30 a. m.

Morning Worship, 11:00 a. m.

Endeavor Meetings, 3:00, 4:30 and 6:00 p. m.

Evening Service, 7:00 p. m.

BIBLE CONFERENCE AND SCHOOL OF PRINCIPLES AND METHODS

Never was there a time when definite Bible study was so much in demand as at the present, when the world is in confusion and unrest. With this thought in view, the Bible Institute of Los Angeles has planned an elaborate program of Lectures, Conferences, Bible Study and Group Meetings under the leadership of some of the strongest teachers and Bible exponents selected from a score of the great denominations of the country. Each one of these experts stands out conspicuously as a leader in Christian work.

This Conference will be held at the Bible Institute, Los Angeles, Cal., September 1st to 22nd inclusive. Three sessions each day; viz: 10 a. m., 2 p. m., and 7:30 p. m. The program will be made up of live, every-day topics such as "The Pastor and His Church," "The Bible and its Teachings," "The Bible School Organized," "The Missionary Propaganda," "The Young People," "Music," "The Human Voice," and "Evangelism."

For full program and hotel rates address: T. C. Horton, Bible Institute, Los Angeles, Cal.

MAILING YOURSELF MONEY

Every time you stick a Thrift or War Savings Stamp on your card you are mailing money to yourself to be received later with interest. Cashing in these stamps is going to be better than "getting money from home," for with the money comes the reminder that you contributed to the great victory which then will have been completely won.

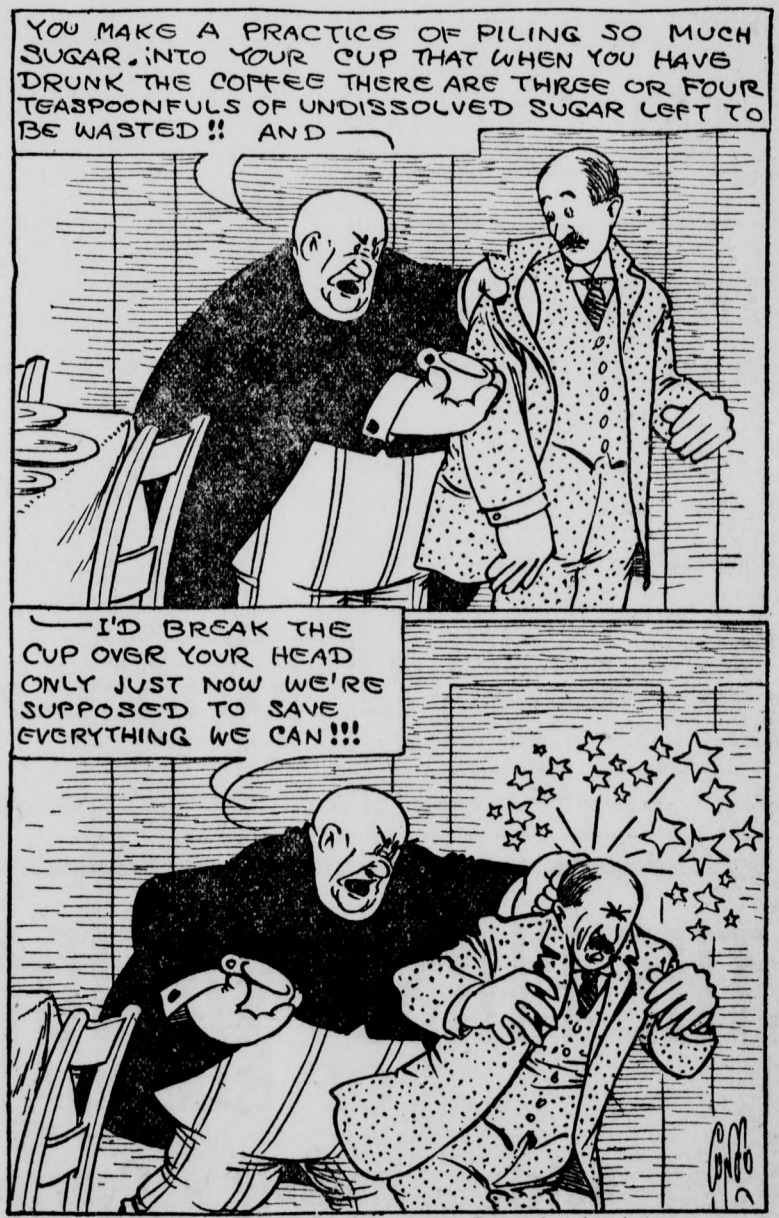
We have frequently heard it remarked that when the Los Angeles Times endorses a candidate for office, it behooves the voters to "look a little out."

Mr. Merchant: Please remember this, that newspaper advertising is a Show Window, that goes out and shows itself to customers instead of waiting for them to happen along. See that you have a show window in the Tropico Herald.

"Double value for Thrift Stamps." Don't fail to read the liberal offer on

Swatting the Food Slacker

Everett True, noted patriot, joins United States Food Administration in drive on conservation shirkers


YOU MAKE A PRACTICE OF PILING SO MUCH SUGAR INTO YOUR CUP THAT WHEN YOU HAVE DRUNK THE COFFEE THERE ARE THREE OR FOUR TEASPOONFULS OF UNDISSOLVED SUGAR LEFT TO BE WASTED!! AND —
—I'D BREAK THE CUP OVER YOUR HEAD ONLY JUST NOW WE'RE SUPPOSED TO SAVE EVERYTHING WE CAN!!!

Drawn By A. D. Condo of Newspaper Enterprise Association.

Watch For "Double Value"

For Thrift Stamps. Two Pays a Year's Subscrption.

THE CHEERFUL CHERUB

I'd like to be well-dressed for once. I'm always wearing something wrong. Before I get quite fixed you see Another season comes along.

R. McCann

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5:30 a.m.	9:17 a.m.	1:17 p.m.	4:56 p.m.	7:56 p.m.
6:11 a.m.	9:37 a.m.	1:37 p.m.	5:11 p.m.	8:26 p.m.
6:31 a.m.	9:57 a.m.	1:57 p.m.	5:26 p.m.	8:56 p.m.
6:51 a.m.	10:17 a.m.	2:17 p.m.	5:41 p.m.	9:26 p.m.
7:11 a.m.	10:37 a.m.	2:37 p.m.	5:56 p.m.	9:56 p.m.
7:26 a.m.	10:57 a.m.	2:57 p.m.	6:11 p.m.	9:56 p.m.
7:41 a.m.	11:17 a.m.	3:17 p.m.	6:26 p.m.	10:26 p.m.
7:56 a.m.	11:37 a.m.	3:37 p.m.	6:41 p.m.	10:56 p.m.
8:11 a.m.	11:57 a.m.	3:57 p.m.	6:56 p.m.	11:26 p.m.
8:26 a.m.	12:17 p.m.	4:17 p.m.	7:16 p.m.	11:56 p.m.
8:41 a.m.	12:37 p.m.	4:37 p.m.	7:36 p.m.	12:26 a.m.
8:57 a.m.	12:57 p.m.			

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